RAISING A HEALTHY EATER ages one to five years old



Tips For Building Healthy Eating Habits

You Decide

- Where to eat seated at a table for meals and snacks
- When to eat keep to a meal and snack routine, avoid extra snacking
- What to offer keep your child's likes in mind, but do not cater to them

Trust Your Child To Decide

- Which foods to eat from what you offer
- How much to eat they will eat the right amount for their growth and activity needs

Meals And Snacks Are Important

- Offer three meals and two snacks each day
- Leave two and a half to three hours between meals and snacks
- Offer only water between meals and snacks to help encourage a good appetite



Meal Plan Using Canada's Food Guide

- ✓ Use the Food Guide plate to plan meals and snacks
- ✓ Include a vegetable or fruit (or both) at meals and snacks and choose ones with different textures, colours and shapes
- ✓ Flavour food with herbs and spices instead of salt and sugar
- ✓ Offer small portions of easy to chew foods
- Rice rusks or food puffs are not part of Canada's Food Guide



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Children come in different shapes, sizes and grow at different rates. A child's growth depends on genetics (how their parents grew). Your child may be taller or shorter, bigger or smaller than other children. Height and weight changes generally follow a regular pattern that is right for your child. If you think your child is growing too fast or slow, talk to your child's health care provider.

Iron Is Important For Growth & Development

Offer iron-rich foods two to three times a day

Iron-rich foods include

- Legumes (kidney beans, lentils, chickpeas)
- Soy products (tofu, edamame)
- Eggs
- Beef, dark meat chicken, turkey, pork, fish
- Iron-fortified cereals

Vitamin C rich fruits and vegetables help absorb iron

- Citrus fruits (oranges, grapefruits)
- Strawberries
- Kiwi
- Broccoli
- Sweet bell peppers
- Brussels sprouts

More than three cups (24 ounces or 750ml) of milk per day can cause iron levels to go down





Drinks Matter Milk

- Continue to breastfeed for as long as you and your child want
 - If breastfeeding, give a vitamin D supplement of 400 IU daily until two years old
- If your child's milk is not breastmilk, offer 3.25% M.F. cow's milk – at two years switch to 1% or 2% M.F.

Water and other beverages

- Offer water when your child is thirsty
- It is best to avoid juices and other beverages



Connect with a public health nurse at Niagara Parents



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